



## REVIEW

By Prof. Teodorina Zhelyazkova Turlakova, PhD

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Management (Agricultural entrepreneurship and regional entrepreneurial activity)"

**About** : dissertation labor for award on educational and scientific "Doctor" degree in the field on higher education : 3. Social, economic and legal sciences. Professional direction : 3. 8. Economics, Doctoral program : "Agricultural Business", University of Applied Sciences - Varna.

**Author on the dissertation labor** : PhD student Ivaylo Dimitrov Todorov

**Topic on the dissertation work** : "Impact on direct agricultural payments on social – economic development on rural areas"

**Foundation for the preparation on the review** : participation in the composition on scientific jury by protection on the dissertation labor , according to Order No. RD 06-110/25.06.2025 of The Rector of the University of Varna and a decision on scientific jury from first meeting held on 27.06.2025.

### 1. Information for dissertation

PhD student Ivaylo Todorov has graduated the average you education in a natural sciences and mathematics class with a physics profile at the "St. Zaimov " Secondary School, Pleven, in 1994. Through the period 1996 to 2000 he studied and receives OKS " bachelor " in specialty " Agricultural Economics " at the University of Varna , and in the period 2011-2012 - Master's degree in "Agricultural Business" at the University of Varna and in "Political Science. Diplomacy and National Security" at the University of Veliko Tarnovo"St. Cyril and Methodius".

Ivaylo Todorov began his career as an expert in the Investment Lending Department, Central Management of the State Fund "Agriculture" - Sofia, at the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry. From 2002 to 2006 he was a chief expert in a consulting firm in development, consulting and management of investment projects under European programs. In 2004, he founded a non-profit association - "Association of Agricultural Producers in Bulgaria" (AAPB), of which until 2023 he was successively the Secretary General, Executive Director and member of the Management



Board. During different periods, depending on the position held, Ivaylo Todorov manages and organizes the diverse and multifaceted activities of the AAPB. Simultaneously with the commitments carried out to the association, doctoral student Todorov is the founder and executive director of " Agribusiness consulting " Ltd., manager and owner of " Techninox Engineering" Ltd., representing the Association "Rural Network BG" (until 2022).

All this shows the rich practical experience of doctoral student Ivaylo Todorov in the field of consulting, investment project management, support for rural areas and biosecurity in the field of agriculture.

The doctoral student studied at the Department of Agricultural Economics at the Faculty of Economics of the University of Varna under the doctoral program "Agricultural Business" in accordance with the decision of the Faculty of Economics, Protocol No. 10/24.06.2020 and Order No. RD 17-1601/17.07.2020 of the Rector of the University of Varna. The training was carried out in an independent form, during the period 24.06.2020-26.06.2023. Doctoral student Ivaylo Todorov has successfully completed his individual training plan, collected the required number of credits and has been discharged with the right to defense in accordance with the decision of the Faculty of Economics, Protocol No. 2/03.07.2023 and Order No. RD 17-286/06.07.2023 of the Rector of the University of Varna.

The dissertation was discussed at the Department Council of the Department of Agricultural Economics, protocol No. 09/17.06.2025. and a procedure for defense before a Scientific Jury has been opened, in accordance with Art. 53 and Art. 5 4 of the Regulations for the Development of the Academic Staff at the Varna University of Economics .

## **2. General presentation of the dissertation work**

The presented dissertation labor on doctoral student Ivaylo Todorov is a result from independently scientific research. The topic is exactly formulated and reflects the committed analysis and the made socio- economic assessment on the impact of direct payments on rural development . The selection The topic is relevant and important , it deserves attention and there is place in the scientific debate both in theoretical and practical application plan . Despite the presence on research from foreign and Bulgarian authors on the socio-economic development of rural areas , this scientific area is needed yes be enriched especially what is refers to research on the direct and indirect influence on direct payments on the current state of rural areas and in the long term. The need is justified from sustainable development of rural areas in the context of a changing structure of agriculture, high sensitivity of the labor market and uneven distribution of



subsidies , which raises strategic questions regarding agricultural support policies . Here why I accept for reasonable scientific and applied interest on the doctoral student in this direction .

The goal on the dissertation is clear formulated , the research thesis and hypotheses correspond on the general research focus and stages on analysis .

The subject , object and tasks on the study are in logical connection with the placed purpose . Subject on research are "the state and changes in the socio-economic development of rural areas, as well as their relationship with the implemented policy of agricultural producers' incomes through direct payments " . Object on research are "rural areas in Bulgaria, characterized by varying degrees of socio-economic development" .

The goal on the development is specified justified in seven research tasks , also determining the structure on the presentation : (1) based on the typology of rural areas, to carry out an analysis of their socio-economic development (2) to identify the effects of the support policy, with an emphasis on direct payments (3) to apply regional analysis and classify the development of rural areas (4) to examine the influence of internal and external factors (5) to analyze regional differences, the main dependencies and effects on agriculture and the labor market (6) to present a classification of rural areas based on the influence of direct payments (7) to develop and evaluate possible scenarios for the dynamics of the number and structure of agricultural holdings, taking into account the impact of the policy for the distribution of direct payments.

The Chosen One approach and methodology on the study , as well as the time range on analysis allow the achievement on the research goal and solution on those placed in the dissertation labor tasks . The rich man set from the used methods for analysis and the presented limitations in the dissertation show high scientific level on the study .

The main limitations that are placed in the dissertation work to specify the scope of the study is refer to the information deficiency and dynamics regarding the separation of rural areas, which also stems from their divergence from the administrative-territorial units (cities and villages).

In development is stands up the thesis that " the impact of direct payments on socio-economic development and employment in rural areas of Bulgaria is limited and ambiguous, and their effect depends on the regional land use structure, the characteristics of agricultural holdings, the mechanism and form of support " . For proof on the main one thesis on the dissertation labor is check two significant hypotheses: Hypothesis 1: The socio-economic situation of rural areas is determined by multiple factors, among which support through direct payments plays a key role; Hypothesis 2: The uneven distribution of the total amount of direct payments and the concentration of



land in a limited number of farms lead to limited opportunities for agricultural activity and have a negative impact on employment and the labor market in rural areas.

Suitable is used research toolkit that I define as historical and systemic approach, method on analysis and synthesis , comparative method , method on induction and deduction . Applied are empirical methods as a survey of consumer attitudes, Shift-share, clustered and scenario analysis.

*The dissertation labor answers on requirements on Art. 27 , paragraph 2 of The Rules for application on The law for development on academic composition in the Republic Bulgaria.*

### **3. Price quote on structure and content on the dissertation labor**

The dissertation work is in volume of 242 pages . The structure of the dissertation work as elements, relationships and connections between them can be considered balanced and logically constructed. It reflects the consistency of the conceptual model of the study adopted by the author in accordance with its purpose and main research thesis. The dissertation work contains an introduction, an exposition in three chapters (210 pages ) , a conclusion, and references.

Rich is used illustrative material - 12 tables and 70 figures . The bibliographic apparatus includes 1 27 the source , from which 1 03 literary and 2 4 specialized internet sites.

The style on the dissertation work is tight and accurate , on high verbally level . The text is written on scientific language.

The introduction presents the logical framework of the presentation and justifies the need to study the impact of direct payments on the socio-economic development of rural areas in the country. The precise formulation of the goal, objectives, subject and object of the dissertation work allows the author to conceptually outline the main supporting points of the subsequent scientific research.

In the first head on the dissertation paper " Theoretical-methodological aspects on agricultural and socio- economic support development on rural areas " are considered regulatory and interventional role on the state and more specifically on direct payments for sustainable development on rural areas. The research interest is directed to the conceptual frame of the CAP and its specificities implementation in Bulgaria . Special a place is reserved on the main ones types typologies , the criteria for classification on rural areas and it has been clarified the conceptual essence on the local approach. Enough reasoned and comprehensive in a paragraph second and third are presented the critical views on the author regarding the discussed concepts, typologizing and classifying rural areas. Quite reasonably , based on is on different approaches and theoretical productions the dissertation candidate puts methodological basis for



studying the impact of direct payments using various analysis tools. In this connection very precisely, with consistency and clarity is builds the methodology for analysis, which includes statistically structural analysis for assessment on the degree of linkage between direct payments and socio-economic status (deterministic analysis); shift – share analysis (SSA) at several levels; Gini coefficient and primary data analysis. Skillfully are used different author's positions and approaches and the dissertation with ease succeeds yes upgrade the methodology on research that represents one solid base for the applied research and findings made in the following parts of the development.

In second head on the dissertation The work " Study of the Socio-Economic Development of Rural Areas in Bulgaria" provides a comparative demographic and socio-economic characterization of rural areas in Bulgaria and the EU countries. The emphasis is on population decline, structural differences, as well as changes in employment and the workforce in the agricultural sector. Based on secondary data, the contribution of agriculture to the economy, income levels, subsidies and economic differences between farms are examined. The results of the effect of support on average net incomes, the share of crop and livestock production, the dynamics of gross farm incomes per farm according to economic size, etc. have been studied and systematized. An extensive comparative and dynamic analysis of rural and non-rural areas has been carried out for the periods 2008/2009 and 2016/2017, identifying eight main factors classified into three groups: economic, demographic and social. Extensive statistical material has been processed, scientifically based analyses have been made and coefficients and indices have been derived in the specific studied group. The comprehensive diagnostic, regional and retrospective analysis by region is at a high scientific level and is the basis for the logical and justified conclusions made.

In the third chapter, the doctoral student skillfully deepens the research in the direction of "Assessment and possible scenarios for the development of rural areas in the context of changes in the CAP and direct payments". The issues of the attitude towards direct payments of two target groups - representatives of the public administration and farmers are addressed. Based on cluster analysis, the relationship between the direct payments received and the levels of territorial development is examined. The analyses cover 265 municipalities in Bulgaria, which are distributed into six clusters based on a territorial analysis of the share transfer (TSSA) and the resulting integral index of socio-economic development (TSS). In order to study the future structure of the sector by 2030 under the conditions of the continued implementation of the CAP, a scenario analysis was conducted based on extrapolation of data on the number of farms from 2010 and 2020.



The overall result of the dissertation research gives grounds for the conclusion that the main goal of the dissertation work has been achieved. The research tasks set have been fulfilled. The first working hypothesis is not categorically confirmed, and the second does not find empirical confirmation. This gives grounds for the doctoral student to propose changes in the overall concept of the CAP in relation to rural areas towards better sectoral balance with clear territorial measurability.

The content of the dissertation and the overall research demonstrate that doctoral student Ivaylo Todorov knows in detail the socio-economic issues of rural development. The dissertation not only treats a significant and little-studied problem. It represents a serious and in-depth study of the impact of support on rural development. The dissertation candidate has proceeded to the implementation of the work on the basis of serious theoretical preparation with very good knowledge and ability to interpret scientific achievements in the field of rural development and support through the European agricultural policy. An interesting methodology has been developed and appropriate statistical tools and analysis methods have been used. The candidate has collected, systematized, and interpreted significant factual material. The skills to critically reflect on and evaluate the results of the scientific research have been demonstrated.

*By structure and content , the dissertation labor corresponds on requirements on Art . 56, paragraph 2 of The Rules for development on academic composition in Economics University - Varna .*

#### ***4. Scientific and applied sciences contributions on the dissertation labor***

Doctoral student Ivaylo Todorov has achieved indisputable contributions to the dissertation labor as follows :

First , an integrated methodology for assessment on social - the economic development on rural areas , which reports the connections between the assistance on the CAP and the dynamics on socio-economic processes on territorial level .

Second, Based on the work done complex analysis on demographic and labor characteristics on rural regions in Bulgaria , with systematized conclusions regarding employment , changes in the workplace power and regional differences in social development on the regions.

Third, The structure and dynamics have been studied on agricultural income , such as are tracked key dependencies between the structure on agricultural activity , public support and sustainability on income .

Fourth, The impact has been analyzed on direct payments on the structure and the functioning on agricultural farms , with a view to on the distribution on the support , the degree on concentration and influence on the economic efficiency and equality.



Fifth, A methodology has been designed and tested for research on attitudes on agricultural producers and administrative structures , such as are identified differences in perceptions for competitiveness , access to information and institutional support .

Sixth, A scenario has been prepared . analysis for the future development on number and structure on agricultural farms by 2030 , which outlines limited transformational effect on direct payments at preservation on the previous one model on support .

Some of the contributions can be defined as primarily scientific (or theoretical-methodological, for example, the first, fifth and sixth contributions), while others have a scientific-applied nature.

### **5. Publications and participation in scientific forums**

PhD student Ivaylo Todorov presents 5 publications by the topic on the dissertation , including two articles - one self-authored and one co-authored and three reports , two of which are independent . The reports have been presented at the scientific conferences of the Department of Agricultural Economics (some of which were held in 2010), and the articles have been published in the prestigious journal Economics and Management of Agriculture. The presented publications reflect essential results from the dissertation work and are sufficient in view of the presentation on the issue and the author in front of scientific community .

*The dissertation candidate answers on the minimum national requirements for award on educational and scientific degree " doctor ", according to Art . 26, paragraph 2 and paragraph 3 of The law for development on academic composition in the Republic Bulgaria .*

### **6. Rating on the abstract**

Submitted abstract on Bulgarian and English language . The abstract answers on the normative requirements , summarizes and reflects correctly the structure, logic and content, the assessments and conclusions presented in the dissertation labor. In sufficient degree are presented the analyses , conclusions and scientific contributions.

### **7. Found or no ascertained plagiarism in the dissertation labor or the abstract**

None proven by statutory row plagiarism in the dissertation.

### **8. Notes and recommendations**

The dissertation labor is distinguished by high scientific value on the study , therefore I would recommended on PhD student , yes works towards ensuring that the methodology, research results and recommendations made are used in practice with a view to their usefulness or are provided or published to state and European institutions.



## 9. Questions

The researched issue raises the following questions for worthy defense:

1. How should policies regarding support for rural areas be planned in order to achieve a clear and positive impact of agricultural support as a whole on the socio-economic development of rural areas?
2. Is it necessary in the future to think about policies primarily on a territorial basis, rather than with a sectoral scope, and would not an endogenous approach be more appropriate (for example, through the Leader approach, proposed as a main instrument after 2027)?
3. According to the doctoral student, what is the reason for the differences in the surveyed attitudes of farmers and public administration, especially in relation to competitiveness? How will the new "Unity" network planned after 2027 affect the competitiveness of farms? that helps farmers cope with the impact of market disruptions?

## 10. Conclusion

The reviewed A doctorate is comprehensive, independent, scientific work that there is completed type and contains original scientific and practical-applied contributions. Distinguishes with purposefulness and thoroughness at research on theoretical and practical-applied aspects of the socio-economic development of rural areas. The main purpose and the specific tasks on the development are in whole successfully achieved. Through the presented scientific research the candidate is presented as a built researcher, with proven opportunities yes creates methodology and formulates own solutions by the problems on rural areas.

The development on topic "Impact of direct payments in agriculture on the socio-economic development of rural areas" corresponds on requirements of ZRAS in the Republic Bulgaria, Regulations for his/her implementation and the Regulations for development on academic composition in Economics university Varna.

On the basis on the above with conviction and responsibility place categorical **positive assessment** on the dissertation labor and I suggest on the esteemed members on The scientific jury yes vote for award on educational and scientific degree " Doctor " in professionally direction 3.8. Economics, area on you with she education 3. Social, economic and legal sciences, doctoral program "Agribusiness" on Ivaylo Dimitrov Todorov.

05.08.2025 years.  
Varna

Prepared the review : .

/ Prof. T. Turlakova, PhD/

Заличена информация съгласно  
ЗЗЛД и регламент (ЕС) 2016/ 679



**REVIEW**

Вх. № *Р/20-1263/14.08.2025*

of a dissertation on the topic "IMPACT OF DIRECT PAYMENTS IN AGRICULTURE ON  
THE SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF RURAL AREAS"

with author IVAYLO DIMITROV TODOROV

Reviewer Prof. DSc (econ.) Julia Doitchinova - University of National and  
World Economy, member of the scientific jury according to order No. заповед № 06-  
110/25.06.2025 of the Rector of the University of Economics – Varna for conducting a  
procedure for awarding the scientific degree "doctor" in the professional field

3.8. "Economics"

**1. Information about the doctoral student**

Ivaylo Todorov was born in 1975 in the city of Ruse. He holds a bachelor's degree in "Agricultural Economics" and a master's degree in "Agricultural Business" from the University of Economics in Varna, as well as a master's degree in "Political Science. Diplomacy and National Security" from the University of Veliko Tarnovo.

Todorov has extensive professional experience as an expert in the "Investment Lending" Department at the Central Directorate of the State Fund "Agriculture", chief expert at the consulting company "Cibola 2004" OOD, project manager at "Rural Network BG" DZZD, executive director of "Agribusiness Consulting" OOD and "Techninox Engineering" EOOD. His longest-term participation is in the Association of Agricultural Producers in Bulgaria as Secretary General, Executive Director and member of the Management Board.

Todorov is a doctoral student at the Department of "Agricultural Economics" at the University of Economics in Varna since 17.07.2020. (Order RD 17-1601 of the Rector of the University of Varna) and studied in the doctoral program "Agricultural Business". After passing the exams included in the program and fulfilling the other requirements, he was discharged with the right to defend on 6.07.2023 (Order RD 17-286 of the Rector of the University of Varna).

The list of participations and organization of various forums, initiatives and events related to the development of agriculture, the Common Agricultural Policy and support for small producers, development of rural areas, etc. is impressive. It is a clear confirmation of the successful career development, the good combination of expertise in the field of agrarian policy, economics and management of agrarian business with the active civic position of Ivaylo Todorov in recent decades.



## **2. General characteristics of the dissertation**

The presented dissertation work has a total volume of 242 pages, incl. 227 pages of main text and 15 pages of used literature sources. It consists of an introduction, 3 sections with conclusions from each section and summarized at the end of the study, 11 tables, 75 figures and graphs. The list of used literature consists of 127 sources in Bulgarian, English and other languages.

The structure of the dissertation follows the classical scheme of scientific research - theory - methodology - analysis - scenarios and conclusions, which allowed the author to present his research tools and the achieved results in the necessary completeness.

The introduction protects the relevance of the topic, but does not claim the originality of the study, which for the first time in our country examines the connections and dependencies of direct payments and the development of rural areas. In practice, this is an analysis of the impact of the formed model of agriculture in each rural area on its development.

The introduction includes the elements necessary for any scientific research. The subject and object are correctly defined. The main thesis is directly related to the dissertation work. It is aimed at proving that the impact of direct payments on socio-economic development and employment in rural areas of Bulgaria is limited and ambiguous, as their effect depends on the regional structure of land use, the characteristics of agricultural holdings, the mechanism and form of support.

The main objective of the dissertation is, after systematizing the theoretical and methodological issues related to agricultural support, to analyze the impact of direct payments on employment and socio-economic development of rural areas, to study the relationship between the unemployment rate and the demand for labor in agriculture and, on this basis, to substantiate possible scenarios for changing the number of farms in Bulgaria.

## **3. Assessment of the content of the dissertation**

The first chapter is devoted to theoretical and methodological aspects of agricultural support and socio-economic development of rural areas. It includes four paragraphs. The first of them examines the regulatory and intervention role of the state and direct payments for the sustainable development of agriculture and rural areas. Based on an extensive literature review, the author skillfully emphasizes the role of the state in the development of agriculture and rural areas and the processes of change and development of the Common Agricultural Policy.



The second paragraph is aimed at assessing the conceptual framework of the CAP and the specifics of its implementation in Bulgaria. It presents in detail the approaches and instruments applied by the Common Agricultural Policy during the different programming periods.

The third paragraph is devoted to the regional zoning and rural areas: approaches and criteria for classification, which allowed the author to clarify the specifics of the typology he used.

Special attention deserves the last paragraph of the first chapter, which presents the developed methodology for studying the impact of direct payments. It combines the consistent use of the methods of territorial analysis of share relocation, the determination method, statistical methods for classification, the method of proportional extrapolation for predictive analysis, etc., as well as a survey among two key target groups - representatives of the public administration and agricultural producers.

The second chapter "Research on the socio-economic development of rural areas in Bulgaria" is divided into 2 parts. The first includes the paragraph, which is dedicated to the analysis of the demographic characteristics and structure of the labor force in rural areas, and the second assesses the structure and dynamics of agricultural income in rural areas, the role and effects of direct payments on the income of agricultural holdings and the socio-economic factors of rural development. This structure has allowed the doctoral student, against the background of the general picture of the development of the region, to assess the role and effects of direct payments on the income of agricultural holdings.

The third chapter is entitled "Assessment and possible scenarios for the development of rural areas in the context of changes in the CAP of direct payments". In the first paragraph, based on a survey, the attitudes of the two target groups (farmers and representatives of the administration) on the impact of direct payments in rural areas are identified and assessed. The author draws out the differences in the assessments and reaches a number of conclusions.

In the second paragraph, the impact of direct payments on the economic and demographic development in rural areas is assessed. They are also the basis of the cluster analysis and the assessment of socio-economic differences in the development of municipalities in Bulgaria. The results achieved in this part of the dissertation have created the necessary prerequisites for the development of the scenario analysis for changes in the number of agricultural holdings by 2030.

The conclusion is aimed at summarizing the results and the degree of proof of the two hypotheses set out in the dissertation. Based on the analyses and assessments carried out in the



previous parts, the author convincingly concludes that the two hypotheses are not categorically empirically confirmed.

#### **4. Assessment of the obtained results and scientific and applied contributions**

The scientific contributions presented reflect to a high degree the author's achievements. Among them, the following are of a theoretical and methodological nature:

1. An original integrated methodology for assessing the socio-economic development of rural areas has been developed, which takes into account the links between CAP support and the dynamics of socio-economic processes at the territorial level. In this context, the developed integrated coefficient of socio-economic development can also be interpreted as an indicator of the viability of rural areas
2. A comprehensive analysis of the demographic and labor characteristics of rural areas in Bulgaria has been carried out, with an emphasis on employment, changes in the labor force and regional differences in the social development of the regions.
3. The structure and dynamics of income in agriculture have been studied and key connections and dependencies between the structure of agricultural activity, public support for the sector and the sustainability of farmers' incomes have been identified.
4. The impact of direct payments on the structure and functioning of agricultural holdings has been identified, analyzed and assessed, with a view to the distribution of support, the degree of concentration and the impact on economic efficiency and equality. This part of the dissertation is a good basis for subsequent analysis in the development of national agricultural policy instruments.
5. A methodology has been designed and tested to study the attitudes of agricultural producers and administrative structures on the impact of direct payments, identifying differences in perceptions of competitiveness, access to information and institutional support. The results obtained can be used in the formation of future agricultural policy instruments and measures.
6. A scenario analysis has been developed for the future development of the number and structure of agricultural holdings by 2030, which outlines a limited transformational effect of direct payments while maintaining the current support model. This development can be used by the competent authorities in developing the national agricultural policy.

The abstract reflects the main results of the dissertation work to the necessary extent.



The documents submitted under the procedure prove that 5 publications on the topic of the dissertation work have been realized - two articles in indexes scientific publications and three reports at prestigious scientific conferences. This information shows that the results of the conducted research have gained notoriety and recognition in the scientific community.

### **5. Questions and recommendations**

There are two questions and one recommendation for the doctoral student.

The dissertation concludes that the increasing volume of direct payments during the analyzed period do not lead to significant positive changes at the municipal level and do not contribute significantly to overcoming regional inequalities. In this regard, my question to the doctoral student is how do you assess the methodological approach for determining the amount of direct payments - upon the accession of new member states and after reaching their full amount after the eight-year period? If the goal was not to stop restructuring - how do you assess its achievement?

One of the conclusions from the study is that "farms with higher capacity develop cooperation less often, which limits the opportunities for sharing resources and access to markets". In this regard, how do you assess the measures to stimulate coordination, cooperation and cooperation during the current programming period?

I recommend publishing the dissertation work and making it available to the agrarian and economic community and to experts in the field of regional economy and development.

### **Conclusion.**

The presented content, results and scientific contributions contained in the dissertation work of Ivaylo Todorov give me grounds for the following findings:

- The dissertation project is a comprehensive, original, complex, completed scientific study of an extremely topical, developing and complex problem;
- An interdisciplinary approach has been applied and an original methodological framework of research has been built, which has allowed the author to combine and apply methods of different nature, requirements and possibilities;
- The presented texts, which describe the scientific contributions, to a high degree reflect the achievements of the author.



Based on the presented characteristics, results and scientific contributions contained in the dissertation work, I positively assess its content. I propose to the esteemed members of the scientific jury to vote for awarding the educational and scientific degree "Doctor" in 3.8 Economics (Agrarian Economics) to Ivaylo Dimitrov Todorov.

30.07.2025

Reviewer:

Заличена информация съгласно  
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(Prof.DSc. Julia Doitchinova)