UNIVERSITY OF ECONOMICS - VARNA FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

Adopted by the FC (record №/ date): Adopted by the DC (record №/ date): ACCEPTED BY: Dean: (prof . Stoyan Marinov, PhD)

SYLLABUS

SUBJECT: ECONOMIC PSYCHOLOGY

DEGREE PROGRAMME: International Business", "Business and Management" and

"Accounting"; BACHELOR'S DEGREE;

YEAR OF STUDY: 2; SEMESTER: 3

TOTAL STUDENT WORKLOAD: 120 hours; incl. curricular 60 hours

CREDITS: 4

DISTRIBUTION OF STUDENT WORKLOAD ACCORDING TO THE CURRICULUM

TYPE OF STUDY HOURS	WORKLOAD, hours	TEACHING HOURS PER WEEK
CURRICULAR:		
incl.		
LECTURES	30	2
• SEMINARS / LAB. EXERCISES	30	2
EXTRACURRICULAR	60	-

Prepared by:

2. (Chief Asst. Prof. V. Koleva, PhD)

of department

of Management and Administration:

(Assoc. Prof. Dobrin Dobrev, PhD)

I. ANNOTATION

The course in Economic Psychology aims to look at the psychological determinants of people's economic behaviour. It focuses on the basic constructs of personality psychology: self-image and self-esteem; temperament; needs and motivation; emotions and emotional regulation; the role of heredity and environment in personality formation; mental health and personal pathology; mental stress; social constructivism of the norm and the pathology.

The content of course provides knowledge and understanding regarding:

- the economic psyche and the economic behaviour at the individual level;
- the psychological aspect of economic behaviour in terms of social-psychological interactions and relationships between individuals in social groups;
- psychological parameters of consumer behaviour;

• psychological aspects of the formation and development of communication skills.

The acquired knowledge will aid the formation of skills for:

- analysis of the psychological parameters of individual and group behaviour as a prerequisite for successful business activity;
- development of psychological characteristics of different economic entities in order to unfold their full potential and to manage them effectively;
- self-knowledge, self-exploration and transformation in self-identification of personality;
- *improving the quality of interpersonal and business communication.*

The discipline builds a psychological culture for the study of personality psychology, the nature of human relationships in the business domain, interpersonal interactions.

Nº	TITLE OF UNIT AND SUBTOPICS	NUMBER OF HOURS		-
		L	S	L.E.
Them	e 1. INTRODUCTION TO PSYCHOLOGY	2	2	
1.1.	Psychology as a science			
1.2.	Methods of psychological research			
1.3.	Psychology of personality and human relations. Psychology of mac- rosocial processes, structures and communities			
1.4.	Subject and tasks of economic psychology			
Them	e 2. PERSONALITY IN ECONOMIC ACTIVITY	4	6	
2.1.	Domain of personality psychology			
2.2.	Personality theories. Social and political aspects of the personality sciences			
2.3.	Individual personality differences - temperament, introversion and extraversion, cognitive styles, localization of control			
2.4.	Characterological features of the personality (integral character por- trait)			
2.5.	Tools to systematize and reflect individual differences			
Them	e 3. ECONOMIC BEHAVIOR	2	2	
3.1.	"Prosocial" behaviour. The emergence of organizations - major fac- tors and psychological determinants			
3.2.	Work behaviour - a prerequisite for economic behaviour			
3.3.	Types of work ethic and change in attitude towards work			
3.4.	Organizational socialization of the individual. Aspects of self-			

II. THEMATIC CONTENT

	assessment in economic activity			
Theme 4. INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS OF WORK BEHAVIOR		4	4	
4.1.	Abilities and intelligence. Types of intelligence			
4.2.	Professional fit			
4.3.	Types of emotions and emotional states. Emotions theories			
4.4.	Values, value system and value orientation. Value typology (instru-			
	mental and terminal values)			
4.5.	Personality and behaviour self (Self-image: self-knowledge - self-			
	esteem - behaviour)			
4.6.	Self-concept and identity			
Theme 5. EFFECTIVE BEHAVIOR AND MOTIVATION		2	2	
5.1.	Motivation as a theoretically applied phenomenon. Dimensions of			
5.1.	motivation in individual and group behaviour			
5.2.	Classical motivational theories. Integrative trends, models and ap-			
	proaches			
5.3.	Social comparison and social exchange in work			
5.4.	Psychological contract and motivation. Models for interaction be-			
	tween professional domain and personal life			
Them	e 6. CONSUMER PSYCHOLOGY	2	2	
6.1.	Consumer society theory. Consumer behaviour and culture			
6.2.	Psychological factors affecting the consumer behaviour. I-concept			
	and symbolic consumption			
6.3.	Prestige as a motive for consumption (demonstrative, status and pres- tigious consumption)			
6.4.	Cognitive and emotional components of consumer behaviour. Psy-			
	chology of the mass consumer			
Theme 7. PSYCHOLOGY OF ADVERTISING		2	2	
7.1.	Influence of the basic psychological directions and theories on the			
	development of advertising communications			
7.2.	Advertising-psychological models for impact on audiences. Choosing			
	a basic advertising-psychological model			
7.3.	Psychological impact (cognitive, affective, suggestive, behavioural,			
	sensory) of the advertising messages. Colour psychology in advertis-			
	ing			
7.4.	Moral and legal regulation of advertising			
Them	e 8. SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY OF GROUPS	2	2	
	Psychological determinants of association ("social facilitation"; con-			
8.1.	formance to social influences; need for social comparison). The phe-			
	nomenon of group mentality			
8.2.	Definition and specificity of the term group. Types of groups			
8.3.	The small group as a socio-psychological category. Cultural differ-			
	ences in work groups and their effectiveness			
8.4.	Mass socio-psychological phenomena and mass psychic phenomena			
	(large social groups; crowd; panic; rumours, etc.)			
Them	Theme 9. LEADERSHIP PSYCHOLOGY		2	
9.1.	Management and leadership challenges. Leaders and managers - dif-			
9.1.	ferentiation of concepts			
9.2.	Leadership theories. Leadership - managing through influence			
9.3.	Psychodynamic characteristics of the leader. Narcissism and leader-			
	ship			

	Total:	30	30	
11.5.	Intuition and non-verbal signals in decision-making and negotiation			
	and tactics of behaviour			
11.4.	barriers; effects in interpersonal relationships; types of interlocutors			
	Applied dimensions of business communication - communication			
	and collaboration) and perceptive (perception and understanding)			
11.3.	- communicative (exchange of information), interactive (interaction			
	The nature and specificity of business communication. Main aspects			
11.2.	and persuasive communication)			
11.0	Communication as an exchange of information (verbal, non-verbal			
11.1	Communication as a social-psychic phenomenon			
COMMUNICATIONS		4	4	
	e 11. PSYCHOLOGY OF INTERPERSONAL RELATIONS AND			
10.5.	Models for the study of mental stress in an organizational setting			
10.4.	Sources of stress and prevention			
10.3.	Mental stress in the organization - aspects and stages of development			
10.2.	Psychological approaches and styles for managing conflict situations			
10.1.	The conflict in the organization. Types of conflicts (intergroup, in- terpersonal, intrapersonal)			
	Theme 10. ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICTS AND STRESS MANAGEMENT		2	
9.4.	sions)			
	Leadership and management styles (nature, distinction and dimen-			

III. FORMS OF CONTROL:

N⁰	TYPE AND FORM OF CONTROL	Number	extracur- ricular, hours
1.	Midterm control		
1.1.	Test	1	10
1.2.	Project (on a predefined theme)	1	20
	Total midterm control:	2	30
2.	Final term control		
2.1.	Examination (test)	1	30
	Total final term control:	1	30
	Total for all types of control:	3	60

IV. LITERATURE

REQUIRED (BASIC) LITERATURE:

- 1. Ranyard, R. (2017). Economic Psychology, First Edition. John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Takemura, K. (2019). Foundations of Economic Psychology. Singapore: Springer.

RECOMMENDED (ADDITIONAL) LITERATURE:

- 1. Brandstätter, H., Güth, W. (Ed.). (1994). *Essays on Economic Psychology*. Berlin, Heidelberg: Springer.
- 2. Garai, L. (2017). Reconsidering Identity Economics. New York: Palgrave Macmillan.

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- 3. Kirchler, E., Hoelzl, E. (2018). *Economic Psychology*. Hoboken, NJ: Wiley.
- 4. Kocher, M., Schulz-Hardt, S. (2016). The Journal of Economic Psychology: Challenges and opportunities for the next five years. *Journal of Economic Psychology*, Volume 52, Pages A1-A3.
- 5. Lewis, A. (Ed.). (2018). *The Cambridge Handbook of Psychology and Economic Behaviour* (*Cambridge Handbooks in Psychology*). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 6. Rabin, M. (2013). An Approach to Incorporating Psychology into Economics. *The American Economic Review*, 103(3), 617-622.
- 7. Van Raaij, W., Van Veldhoven, G., & Wärneryd, K. (2010). *Handbook of Economic Psychology*. Dordrecht: Springer Netherlands.
- 8. You, Y. (2019). New Orientation of Study on Economic Psychology and Behaviour. *Translational neuroscience*, 10, 87–92.